A. PROCEDURAL OVERVIEW

A.1 Definitions
A.2 SWCD Jurisdictional Areas
A.3 Other Government Jurisdictional Areas

B. NON-COMPLIANCE DETERMINATIONS AND RESOLUTION

B.1 SWCD Investigations and Documentation
B.2 SWCD Non-Compliance Determination

C. VIOLATION DETERMINATIONS AND RESOLUTION

C.1 BWSR Easement Field Staff Role
C.2 BWSR Easement Coordinator Role
C.3 Board Role
C.4 Minnesota Attorney General’s Role
C.5 SWCD Monitoring of Court Compliance

D. PROCEDURAL FLOWCHART
A. PROCEDURAL OVERVIEW

A.1 Definitions

For administrative purposes, the following terminology will be used to describe failure of the landowner to carry out required provisions of the conservation easement.

Non-Compliance

Failure of the grantor (landowner) to carry out the provisions of the conservation easement.

Corrective Actions Transmittal

This form notifies the landowner that the Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) has determined that the landowner is not in compliance with the terms of the conservation easement and what actions are required to return to compliance status.

Violation

Failure of a landowner who is in a non-compliance status to implement corrective actions as required by the SWCD within the timelines identified on the Corrective Actions Transmittal.

Corrective Action Plan (CAP)

This form is used to document the status of the non-compliance determination. If the status indicates that the landowner is not in compliance or they did not respond to the Corrective Actions Transmittal, the non-compliance is now considered a violation. Actions to resolve the violations are listed. In addition, this form is used by the SWCD to certify that the landowner has failed to acknowledge and/or implement the corrective actions within the required timelines. It is also used to certify that the non-compliance issue has been resolved.

A.2 SWCD Jurisdictional Areas

SWCDs will be involved in resolving all types of easement non-compliance issues with landowners. In certain types of issues the district will have primary responsibility to resolve problems, in others the district will play a support role. The SWCD has primary responsibility to resolve the following non-compliant conditions where the landowner has:

- failed to allow the State or its agent access to the easement area to inspect and enforce the easement;
- failed to establish or maintain vegetative cover and/or structures specified in the Conservation Plan (as referenced in the recorded conservation easement);
- caused or allowed unauthorized alteration of the easement area;
- produced agricultural crops on the easement;
- employed timber stand improvement measures, except where allowed by the conservation plan;
- failed to restore the easement area after lawful repair or improvement to a public or private drainage system;
- placed unauthorized materials, substances, objects or constructed unauthorized structures in the easement area;
- appropriated, drained or diverted water from a wetland on the easement area; or
- cropped, grazed or altered wildlife habitat, natural features or vegetative cover without prior written approval from the state;
additional responsibilities as assigned by the state.

A.3 Other Governmental Units Jurisdictional Areas

For the following types of non-compliance, another unit of government has a process in place to deal with the issue. The SWCD is expected to provide information and assistance to the responsible unit of government to resolve the non-compliant conditions when a landowner has:

- failed to control noxious weeds (county, township, city or MN Dept. of Agriculture has jurisdiction);
- failed to conduct emergency control of pests necessary to protect the public health (county, township, city, or MN Dept. of Health has jurisdiction); or
- failed to pay taxes and assessments levied against the easement area (county has jurisdiction).

B. NON-COMPLIANCE DETERMINATIONS AND RESOLUTION

Non-compliance situations may come to light in several ways including complaints, rumors, eyewitness reports, site investigations, and audits, to name a few. Most typically the SWCD is in the best position to learn of non-compliance and to resolve these situations quickly. Whenever possible, resolve non-compliance issues informally.

The following procedure is designed to provide a framework to work from if non-compliance issues cannot be informally resolved and to help districts to be thorough and reasonably uniform in conducting investigations.

B.1 SWCD Investigations

If initial investigation, including conversations with the landowner, turns up an obvious situation not in compliance with the conservation easement and the landowner(s) agrees to take immediate corrective action, document this decision and follow up to see that corrective actions were taken.

After learning of potential non-compliance, make sure to do the following:

- review applicable law and rule;
- review contents of conservation easement file, including a review of the easement language, conservation plan, and conservation plan map;
- do an on-site investigation, including taking photographs of easement area (Conservation Easement Site Inspection form must be completed as part of this investigation); and
- interview the landowner and/or other parties where appropriate.

Keep a log of dates, times and facts surrounding your investigation. This should become part of the landowner's conservation easement file. The Conservation Easement Site Inspection form should be the central document in the investigation. All subsequent documentation should be attached to this form. Remember that the purpose of the investigation is to verify the facts. Documentation is very important!

If the district finds that the investigation has revealed that the landowner is in compliance with the requirements of the conservation easement, you can document this decision and end your work. If the non-compliance issue is not obvious to the district person conducting the investigation, or if a landowner is not cooperative, it is suggested that the SWCD board make a more formal determination.

The BWSR easement staff person should be consulted for advice when needed.
B.2 SWCD Non-compliance Determination

Now that the facts have been gathered, the SWCD must make a determination whether a landowner is not in compliance with the conservation easement requirements. It is suggested that the SWCD board of supervisors be the decision-maker. Staff should present the information at a formal district board meeting for decision by the board of supervisors.

If the district board determines that the landowner is in compliance with the terms of the conservation easement and the conservation plan, then the case is closed. If the district board determines that a non-compliant condition exists, then a Corrective Actions Transmittal form must be completed by SWCD staff, with input from the landowner, and sent via registered mail to the landowner. Send a copy to BWSR easement staff. This form should be used to:

- reference the specific items that are not in compliance with the easement or the conservation plan;
- specify what the landowner must do to correct the situation; and,
- give deadlines for performance.
- Put landowner on notice that they must sign and return this form within 30 days for them to have input on what must be done to rectify the non-compliance problem.

The SWCD should not make any fines or damage payments to be paid by the landowner as part of the required actions to be taken in the Corrective Actions Transmittal, or the Corrective Action Plan.

If the landowner responds to the Corrective Actions Transmittal and contacts the SWCD and tells them he has rectified the problem, the SWCD should visit the site to confirm this, and then document this in the landowner’s easement file, case closed. SWCD should also indicate that the landowner is now in compliance by checking the box at the top of the Corrective Actions Plan form and signing the first SWCD signature line on the form only. Send a copy of the form to the BWSR Easement staff and keep the original in your local easement file.

If landowner does not respond to the SWCD Corrective Actions Transmittal within 30 days, or refuses to comply with the Corrective Actions Transmittal, then the SWCD should use the Corrective Action Plan (CAP) form to further stipulate what the landowner must do rectify the situation, and puts them on notice that failure to agree to the CAP is a violation of their easement and they will be subject to legal action from the State.

In cases where the landowner responds to the Corrective Actions Transmittal, but has yet to rectify the problem, SWCD staff should solicit landowner input when developing a suitable Corrective Action Plan. It is important that the prior corrective action transmittal not be an absolute mandate because the landowner may have knowledge of certain conditions, or suggest actions to achieve the desired end results, which might be somewhat different from what the district has proposed. This provides opportunity for negotiation between the district and the landowner. Deadlines for landowner performance should be practical and reasonable. For example, reseeding of vegetation should be required during the next upcoming recommended seeding period for the cover to be established; removal of unauthorized materials should be accomplished as soon as necessary equipment can access the area, etc. The district should allow up to 30 days for the landowner to respond and to negotiate. If there is any uncertainty on the part of the district board in making the determination, contact your BWSR board conservationist or easement staff.

Once negotiations are completed the SWCD should complete the Corrective Action Plan portion of the form with the landowner, if possible, and obtain the landowner's signature. If a negotiated plan is not arrived at within the 30-day period, the district should complete the Corrective Action Plan, sign it and provide it to the landowner(s).
requesting their concurrence and signature and the return of the form within 10 working days. If, upon re-inspection the SWCD confirms that the landowner has rectified the problem by the agreed upon deadline, landowner compliance should be recorded in the district's conservation easement files, and the Landowner is now in compliance box at the top of the CAP form should be checked and a copy sent to BWSR easement staff.

If the landowner fails to comply with the corrective actions identified in the Corrective Actions Plan (CAP) they will be considered in violation of the terms of the easement. The SWCD should then complete the bottom box on the Corrective Action Plan form titled Certification of Landowner Refusal to Cooperate and send it via registered mail to the landowner, with a copy of the completed form to the BWSR easement staff.

C. VIOLATIONS PROCEDURE DETERMINATIONS AND RESOLUTION

Occasionally, the SWCD’s best efforts to resolve non-compliance issues may not be successful. If the landowner(s) fails to respond, refuses to sign and/or does not implement the required corrective action plan, the landowner(s) is considered in a "violations" status. The SWCD must work closely with the BWSR Easement Field Staff to resolve all violations.

C.1 BWSR Easement Field Staff Role

Up to this point the easement staff role has been to advise the SWCD. With an unresolved violation, the BWSR easement field staff person becomes directly involved with the problem. The SWCD should review the file materials with the BWSR staff and accompany the BWSR staff on an on-site visit to the conservation easement area. The landowner should be invited to accompany them on the site. The BWSR staff may wish to consider inviting the BWSR Easement Programs Manager to participate in the on-site visit.

After the on-site visit the BWSR staff person will decide to either uphold the SWCD's corrective action recommendations or recommend a different corrective action plan. If the BWSR staff recommends changing the SWCD's corrective action plan, the BWSR staff should coordinate this with the district and obtain a modified corrective action plan prior to communicating with the landowner. The BWSR staff person will then communicate the required follow-up action to be taken by the landowner in writing via registered mail to the landowner(s). The BWSR staff will inform the landowner(s) that if the new plan (or the existing plan if no changes are recommended) is not agreed to within 10 working days from landowner receipt of the letter, then the violation will be forwarded via the BWSR to the State Attorney General (AG) to commence legal action to enforce the provisions of the conservation easement. A copy of this letter should be provided to the Conservation Easement Manager. If the landowner(s) agree to the new corrective action plan, it is the responsibility of the SWCD to monitor landowner implementation.

If the BWSR field staff has not successfully resolved the violation, then the violation is referred to the BWSR Easement Programs Manager.

C.2 BWSR Easement Programs Manager Role

The BWSR Easement Programs Manager will refer easement violations to the BWSR Board along with a recommendation to commence legal action. Such recommendations shall be made through the Executive Director.
C.3  Board Role
The Board shall consider all staff recommendations to commence legal action. If the Board determines that the recommendation is valid, it shall request the AG representative to commence legal action. The Board may hear appeals from landowners consistent with Minn. Rules Subp. 8400.3930.

C.4  Attorney General Role
The Easement Programs Manager and/or BWSR easement staff shall brief the AG representative regularly on non-compliance issues and solicit advice to resolve them.

The BWSR staff and/or the Easement Programs Manager shall brief the AG representative and share all file materials and evidence on an easement violation at the time a request to commence legal action is made. The AG representative may wish to communicate directly with the SWCD at this point to obtain additional information.

Upon request, the AG may commence legal action to resolve the violation as authorized in MRS 103F 515, Subd. 9 (b):

"(b) Upon the request of the board, the attorney general may commence an action for specific performances, injunctive relief, damages, including attorney's fees, and any other appropriate relief to enforce sections 103F.505 to 103F.531 in district court in the county where all or part of the violation is alleged to been committed, or where the landowner resides or has a principal place of business."

C.5  Monitoring Compliance with Court Orders
If a court order is obtained, the AG shall provide a copy of the order to the BWSR Easement Programs Manager. The Easement Programs Manager shall, in turn, provide a copy to BWSR Easement staff and the SWCD. It is the responsibility of the SWCD to notify the AG if any court order to correct the easement violation is not carried out.
D. FLOWCHART OF NON-COMPLIANCE / VIOLATION PROCEDURES

1. **SWCD Learns of Potential Non-Compliance**
   - Informal Negotiation

2. **SWCD Employee Conducts Investigation of Easement Site**
   - Informal Negotiation

3. **Landowner Appears Out of Compliance with Easement**
   - Informal Negotiation
   - SWCD Board Makes Decision

   - In Compliance
     - SWCD Document and Close File
   - Status: Not in Compliance

4. **Corrective Actions Transmittal and Landowner Response Form Sent by SWCD to Landowner**

5. **Landowner Responds to SWCD**
   - Landowner Does Not Respond to SWCD

   - SWCD Considers Landowner Response
     - In Compliance
       - SWCD Document and Close File
     - SWCD Prepares “Corrective” Action Plan (CAP)

   - SWCD Verify Document, Close File

6. **Landowner Does Not Implement Corrective Action Plan**
   - Landowner May Appeal SWCD Recommendation to BWSR

   - SWCD Documents and Close File

7. **BWSR Staff Recommends Action Plan to Landowner**
   - BWSR Staff Investigation
   - Landowner Fully Implements CAP
   - SWCD Verifies Document, Close File

8. **Landowner Does Not Fully Implement CAP**
   - BWSR Staff Recommends Action Plan to Landowner

   - Landowner Does Not Comply with Court Order
   - SWCD Notifies BWSR, AG., and Local Law Enforcement

   - Board Makes BWSR Request to Attorney General to Obtain Court Order

   - Court Order Issued to Landowner

   - Landowner Complies with Court Order and Fully Implements CAP
     - SWCD Verifies Document, Close File

   - Landowner Does Not Comply with Court Order
     - SWCD Notifies BWSR, AG., and Local Law Enforcement

9. **Easement Section Mgr BWSR Field Staff and SWCD Discuss**
   - Easement Section Mgr Requests Board Action via Executive Director

10. **Board Makes BWSR Request to Attorney General to Obtain Court Order**
    - Court Order Issued to Landowner

11. **Landowner Complies with Court Order and Fully Implements CAP**
    - SWCD Verifies Document, Close File

12. **Landowner Does Not Comply with Court Order**
    - SWCD Notifies BWSR, AG., and Local Law Enforcement

13. **Easement Section Mgr**
    - SWCD Verifies Document, Close File

14. **Board Makes BWSR Request to Attorney General to Obtain Court Order**
    - Court Order Issued to Landowner

15. **Landowner Complies with Court Order and Fully Implements CAP**
    - SWCD Verifies Document, Close File

16. **Landowner Does Not Comply with Court Order**
    - SWCD Notifies BWSR, AG., and Local Law Enforcement